



Users Guide

SNAPtoolbelt

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SNAPtoolbelt is a collection of scriptable command line tools for interacting with devices in a **SNAP** network.

RELEASE NOTES

1.1 7.0.1

- Fixed a bug in the help provided for incomplete `toolbelt rpc send/call` and `toolbelt node send/call` commands.

1.2 7.0.0

- Added `toolbelt node send/call` convenience aliases for single-target `toolbelt rpc send/call`.
- Further improved support for MG24 modules.
- Added `-E/--skip-erase` and `-C/--skip-crc` flags for script uploads to allow optimizing for cases where the initial erase or post-upload CRC check are not needed.
- Added a `toolbelt node bridge script turboload <spy>` command for directly attached MG24 modules.
- Arguments to the following RPCs which are known builtin function names are translated properly:
 - `rpc`
 - `mcastRpc`
 - `dmcastRpc`
 - `callback`
 - `callout`
 - `dmCallout`

1.3 6.4.0

- x86-64 builds for Linux are now statically linked to musl instead of glibc.

1.4 6.3.0

- Improved support for MG24 modules

1.5 6.2.0

- Added support for MG24 modules

INSTALLATION

The binary name for **SNAPtoolbelt** is *toolbelt*.

License

Synapse Software Development Kit License Agreement

Precompiled binaries of toolbelt are available for the following platforms:

Resource	Description	SHA256
Toolbelt 6.2.0 (Linux/aarch64)	Toolbelt 6.2.0 for Linux aarch64 (e.g. RPi4)	87587b331fb7c1c0ad8bf62651e8f07
Toolbelt 6.2.0 (Linux/armhf)	Toolbelt 6.2.0 for Linux on armhf (e.g. E12, E20)	7ba27223f733aca7def866a9d77b53
Toolbelt 6.2.0 (Linux/x64)	Toolbelt 6.2.0 for Linux x64	3ab766a4852cc5c9b6cfc6fa86b925
Toolbelt 6.2.0 (macOS/aarch64)	Toolbelt 6.2.0 for macOS aarch64 (Apple Silicon, unsigned)	536b3dccd8a93f83a2ecf7908cda7a
Toolbelt 6.2.0 (macOS/x64)	Toolbelt 6.2.0 for macOS on Intel (unsigned)	876557c8d75f41f2f5c4806d38317e6
Toolbelt 6.2.0 (Win/x32)	Toolbelt 6.2.0 for Windows x32	99b671bceaab8c168a01a2c368018f
Toolbelt 6.2.0 (Win/x64)	Toolbelt 6.2.0 for Windows x64	bbaa30300f31abfc7f04045d6cf7de7

Extract the archive and place the (single file) executable in your path. You may need to *chmod a+x toolbelt* after extracting. On some platforms, you may also need to install libusb. Consult your package manager (e.g. apt, brew).

CONVENTIONS

SNAPtoolbelt is scriptable in addition to being user controlled. If you ask it for information, it will be provided on `STDOUT`. Logs and other ancillary chatter are emitted on `STDERR`. If the command succeeds, the exit status will be zero, otherwise the exit status will be non-zero.

All input needed comes either from the configuration files, or from the invocation.

Note

There are no prompts for “Are you sure?”. If you tell it to erase a script, it will do so or `exit(1)` trying.

QUICK START

If you are using a serially-attached node like the **SN220 SNAPstick** or **SN132 SNAPstick**, **SNAPtoolbelt** can scan for your node(s):

```
$ toolbelt config scan -u default
```

SNAPtoolbelt will automatically add new nodes (including sniffer nodes) to your configuration. The `-u default` option tells **SNAPtoolbelt** to make the last one discovered your default.

To scan without updating a profile, omit the `-u` option:

```
$ toolbelt config scan
```

You can also move the profile later:

```
$ toolbelt config move profile SNAPstick0 default
```


CONFIGURATION

SNAPtoolbelt needs to know two things in order to talk to devices on your SNAP networks:

1. How your **SNAP** network is configured
2. How to connect to your **SNAP** network

5.1 Networks

A *Network* describes how a **SNAP** network is configured. All nodes in the **SNAP** network need to be configured the same way. It contains the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
channel	Integer from 0-15 (for 2.4 GHz networks, 0-63 for 900 MHz, default is 4)
network_id	(default is 0x1c2c)
encryption	False: No encryption or True: AES-128 encryption. (default is False)
encryption_key	String, up to 16 characters (default is an empty string)
rpc_crc	True or False (default is False)
packet_crc	True or False (default is False)

A *Network* also holds some default communication parameters for callback and directed multicast RPCs:

Parameter	Description
default_group	Default multicast Group
default_ttl	Default multicast TTL
default_cb_timeout	Default callback timeout in seconds
default_cb_retries	Default callback retries
default_delay	Default directed multicast delay

Note

“rpc_crc” and “packet_crc” refer to feature bits 8 (0x0100) and 10 (0x0400), respectively. See the SNAP-core section for more information on these CRCs.

5.2 Profiles

A *Profile* describes the method in which **SNAPtoolbelt** will connect to a **SNAP** network. Each of the supported connection methods (serial and TCP) have specific parameters.

5.2.1 Serial

A *Serial Profile* is used when you are talking to a serial node such as a SS200, SN220, or SN171 Protoboard. It contains the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
device	Device string can be a COM identifier on Windows such as COM1, USB0 for SN132 paddleboards in USB mode, SnapStick0 for SS200s in USB mode, or a device path like /dev/snap1 on POSIX systems.
address	Licensed address to use (or blank to use the default)
speed	Baud rate to use by default (Default is 38400)

5.2.2 TCP

A *TCP Profile* is used when you're talking to a **SNAPconnect** instance that is accepting TCP connections. It contains the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
host	Hostname or IP address
port	Port to connect to (default is 48625)
ssl	Should this connection use SSL? (True or False)
username	User to authenticate as
password	Password to authenticate with
address	Licensed address to use (or blank to use the default)

5.3 Under the Covers

SNAPtoolbelt stores its configuration in a `toolbelt_config.db` file, in a `.snap` folder under your user folder:

- `%USERPROFILE%` on Windows, e.g. "C:\Users\YourName\.snap"
- `~/ .snap` on Linux/Mac

You can specify an alternative config path with the `--rcfile <rcfile>` global option.

COMMAND REFERENCE

SNAPtoolbelt provides access to the fundamental operation on a SNAP network.

6.1 toolbelt config

6.1.1 toolbelt config profile

Description

Display a profile

Usage

```
toolbelt config profile <name> [key [value]]
```

Positional Arguments

name

Name of profile

key

(optional) Name of profile parameter to display/set

value

(optional) Parameter value to set

Examples

Show the default profile:

```
toolbelt config profile default
```

Show the value of the sn220 profile's device parameter:

```
toolbelt config profile sn220 device
```

Set the sn220 profile's device parameter to /dev/snap1:

```
toolbelt config profile sn220 device /dev/snap1
```

Set the fast profile's speed parameter to 115200:

```
toolbelt config profile fast speed 115200
```

6.1.2 toolbelt config network

Description

Display a network

Usage

```
toolbelt config network <name> [key [value]]
```

Positional Arguments

name

Name of network

key

(optional) Name of network parameter to display/set

value

(optional) Parameter value to set

Examples

Show the default network:

```
toolbelt config network default
```

Show the lighting network's encryption_type parameter:

```
toolbelt config network lighting encryption_type
```

Set the solar network's channel parameter to 7:

```
toolbelt config network solar channel 7
```

Set the lighting network's encryption_key parameter:

```
toolbelt config network lighting encryption_key "\x00\x01\x02\x03\x04\x05\x06\x0789abcdef"
↪ "
```

6.1.3 toolbelt config new profile

Description

Creates a new profile based on the profile type (serial, tcp) specified

Usage

```
toolbelt config new profile (serial|tcp) <name> [options]
```

Positional Arguments

name

Name of profile to be created

Options

-f, --force Overwrite an existing profile/network

Examples

Create a new serial profile named sn132:

```
toolbelt config new profile serial sn132
```

Create a new tcp profile named e20:

```
toolbelt config new profile tcp e20
```

6.1.4 toolbelt config new network

Description

Creates a new network

Usage

```
toolbelt config new network <name>
```

Positional Arguments

name

Name of network to be created

6.1.5 toolbelt config list

Description

List the available profiles/networks

Usage

```
toolbelt config list (profile|network)
```

Examples

List all profiles:

```
toolbelt config list profile
```

6.1.6 toolbelt config show

Description

Show a profile/network. (Same as `toolbelt config profile <name>` or `toolbelt config network <name>`)

Usage

```
toolbelt config cat (profile|network) <name>
```

Examples

Show the default profile:

```
toolbelt config cat profile default
```

6.1.7 toolbelt config delete

Description

Delete a profile/network

Usage

```
toolbelt config delete (profile|network) <name>
```

Positional Arguments

name

Profile/Network to be deleted

Examples

Remove the sn220 profile:

```
toolbelt config delete profile sn220
```

Remove the power network:

```
toolbelt config delete network power
```

6.1.8 toolbelt config copy

Description

Copy a profile or network

Usage

```
toolbelt config copy (profile|network) <from> <to>
```

Positional Arguments

from

Profile/Network to be copied

to

Name of new profile/network

Examples

Copy the default profile to snapstick:

```
toolbelt config copy profile default snapstick
```

Copy the lighting network to default:

```
toolbelt config copy network lighting default
```

6.1.9 toolbelt config move

Description

Move/rename a profile or network

Usage

```
toolbelt config move (profile|network) <from> <to>
```

Positional Arguments

from

Profile/Network to be moved/renamed

to

New name of profile/network

Examples

Moves the sn220 profile to the default (overriding the current default):

```
toolbelt config move profile sn220 default
```

Move the solar network to testbed:

```
toolbelt config move network solar testbed
```

6.1.10 toolbelt config scan

Description

Scans serial ports for TOOLBELT nodes and creates profiles for any that don't already exist in your configuration

Usage

```
toolbelt config scan [options]
```

Options

- f, --force** Add nodes that have read errors
- u <profile>, --update <profile>** Update an additional profile (e.g. default)
- m <regex>, --matching <regex>** Limit search to paths matching the provided regex [default: `.*`]

Examples

Scan for all nodes:

```
toolbelt config scan -f
```

Scan for `/dev/tty.usbserial` nodes, and update the default profile w/ the last match found:

```
toolbelt config scan -u default -m /dev/tty.usbserial
```

6.2 toolbelt find

6.2.1 toolbelt find

Description

Finds the target node by sweeping through channels, and optionally moves the node to a new network

Note

Cannot find nodes with different encryption settings from the Network/bridge

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] find [-h] <target(s)> [-m <move-to-network>] [-t <ttl>]
```

Positional Arguments

target(s)

SNAP address of target node, or comma-separated list of addresses

Options

-m <network>, --move <network> Moves the node to the specified network

-t <ttl>, --ttl <ttl> Ping TTL

Examples

Move the bridge node to the lighting network:

```
toolbelt find bridge -m lighting
```

Find node 123456:

```
toolbelt find 123456
```

6.3 toolbelt network

6.3.1 toolbelt network expect

Description

Use this command to wait for a single RPC by function regex.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] network expect <func_re> [-h] [-t <timeout>]
```

Arguments

<func_re> RPC function regex

Options

-t <seconds>, --timeout <seconds> Number of seconds to wait, default is 30 seconds.

Examples

Expect a button rpc:

```
toolbelt network expect button
```

Expect a evt.* rpc within the next 5 seconds:

```
toolbelt network expect "evt.*" -t 5
```

6.3.2 toolbelt network listen

Description

If you don't have a real sniffer node available, you can always listen for RPCs that happen to come your way (multicasts, for instance). If you do not specify the `-t` option, the session will run until you use CTRL-C to abort it.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] network listen [-h] [-t <timeout>]
```

Options

-t <seconds>, --timeout <seconds> Number of seconds to listen, default is forever

Examples

Listen for RPCs:

```
toolbelt network listen
```

Listen for RPCs for one minute, then exit:

```
toolbelt network listen -t 60
```

6.3.3 toolbelt network ping

Description

Send a multicast query to the network and await directed multicast replies

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] network ping [-h] [-c <count>] [-t <ttl>]
```

Options

- c <count>, --count <count>** Number of pings to send (1 each second, default is 3)
- t <ttl>, --ttl <ttl>** Multicast TTL for pings (default is 5)

Examples

Ping the network, sending 5 packets (which will take about 5 seconds), with a ttl of 10:

```
toolbelt network ping -c 5 -t 10
```

6.3.4 toolbelt network sniff

Description

Like `toolbelt network listen`, but not limited to RPCs. Allows you to listen for any packet that happens to come your way. If you do not specify the `-t` option, the session will run until you use CTRL-C to abort it.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] network sniff [-h] [-t <timeout>]
```

Options

- t <seconds>, --timeout <seconds>** Number of seconds to intercept messages, default is forever

Examples

Listen for packets:

```
toolbelt network sniff
```

Listen for packets for one minute, then exit:

```
toolbelt network sniff -t 60
```

6.4 toolbelt node

6.4.1 toolbelt node call directed-multicast

Description

Callback Directed Multicast RPC (This is a convenience alias for `toolbelt rpc call directed-multicast` to a single target.)

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> call (d | dm | directed-multicast) <func> [<args>.  
...] [-h] [-g <group>] [-t <ttl>] [-d <delay>] [-c <callback-name>]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

func

Name of function to call on targets

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Options

- g <group>, --group <group>** Override the Network's default multicast group
- t <ttl>, --ttl <ttl>** Override the Network's default multicast TTL
- d <delay>, --delay <delay>** Specify a response delay in milliseconds from the targets, default is 0
- c <name>, --callback-name <name>** Specify which function will be called on a response from the targets
- w <wait>, --wait <wait>** Callback reply timeout/wait between attempts (ms)
- a <attempts>, --attempts <attempts>** Number of attempts

Examples

Directed Multicast a request for `getInfo(5)` to 123456, ask it to delay its response in a 100ms window:

```
toolbelt node 123456 call dm getInfo 5 --delay 100
```

6.4.2 toolbelt node call unicast

Description

Callback Unicast RPC (This is a convenience alias for *toolbelt rpc call unicast* to a single target.)

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> call (u | unicast) <func> [<args>...]
] [-h] [-c <callback-name>] [-w <wait>] [-a <attempts>]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

func

Name of function to call on target

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Options

- c <name>, --callback-name <name>** Specify which function will be called on a response from the targets
- w <wait>, --wait <wait>** Callback reply timeout/wait between attempts (ms)
- a <attempts>, --attempts <attempts>** Number of attempts

Examples

Unicast a request for `getInfo(5)` to 123456.

```
toolbelt node 123456 call u getInfo 5
```

Ask the bridge node `vmStat(6)`, expect it to return its result via `tellVmStat`:

```
toolbelt rpc node bridge call u vmStat 6 --callback-name tellVmStat
```

6.4.3 toolbelt node energy

Description

Performs an energy scan on a node across all of its channels and returns a list of “clear percentages”. These percentages can be used to determine the least noisy channel to use for communication.

Usage

```
toolbelt node <target> energy [options]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Options

- n <number>, --num_queries <number>** Perform <number> queries and average the results
- d <delay>, --delay <delay>** Wait for <delay> seconds between queries
- c <cutoff>, --cutoff <dbm>** Cutoff value for the dBm floor

Examples

Ask the bridge node to scan 3 times, waiting 2 seconds between scans:

```
toolbelt node bridge energy -n 3 -d 2
```

6.4.4 toolbelt node expect

Description

Expect an RPC by regex from a single node, with a timeout.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> expect <func_re> [-t <timeout>]
```

Positional Arguments

func_re

RPC function regex

Options

-t, --timeout <timeout> Seconds to wait for RPC to arrive [default: 30]

Examples

Expect a button RPC from 00da7a, with a 10 second timeout:

```
toolbelt node 00da7a expect button -t 10
```

6.4.5 toolbelt node firmware info

Description

Gets firmware information about the <target> node:

- Core Version
- Platform
- Platform Category

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> firmware info [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its firmware information:

```
toolbelt node bridge firmware info
```

6.4.6 toolbelt node firmware upload

Description

Load the specified firmware file on the <target> module.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> firmware upload [-h] <sfi-or-gbl-file>
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

<sfi-or-gbl-file>

The **SNAPcore** firmware for the target node.

Examples

Load the RF200_AES128_SnapV2.6.2.sfi firmware on node 00aabb:

```
toolbelt node 00aabb firmware upload RF200_AES128_SnapV2.6.2.sfi
```

6.4.7 toolbelt node info

Description

Get summary information about the <target> node. By default it queries:

- Current Channel (i.e. “Where is this node now?”)
- Current Network ID
- NVParam Channel (i.e. “Where will this node go if it’s rebooted?”)
- NVParam Network ID
- Feature Bits
- Vendor settings
- Encryption Type
- Lockdown Bitmask
- Current Script Name
- Current Script CRC
- Current Firmware version
- Current Firmware category

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info [-h] [summary]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its summary information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info
```

6.4.8 toolbelt node info all

Description

Gets all information from the <target> node:

- Device
- Firmware
- Mcast
- Mesh
- Network
- Script
- Security
- Stats
- Summary
- UART

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info all [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for all its information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info all
```

6.4.9 toolbelt node info device

Description

Gets device information about the <target> node:

- Address
- Feature Bits
- Device Name
- Platform
- Device Type
- Vendor Settings

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info device [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its device information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info device
```

6.4.10 toolbelt node info firmware

Description

Gets firmware information about the <target> node:

- Core Version
- Platform
- Platform Category

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info firmware [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its firmware information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info firmware
```

6.4.11 toolbelt node info mcast

Description

Gets mcast information about the <target> node:

- Carrier Sense
- Collision Avoidance
- Collision Detect
- CS/CD Threshold
- CSMA Settings
- Multicast Forwarded Groups
- Multicast Processed Groups

- Serial Multicast Forwarded Groups

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info mcast [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its mcast information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info mcast
```

6.4.12 toolbelt node info network

Description

Gets network information about the <target> node:

- Channel
- Default Radio Rate
- Network ID
- Radio LQ Threshold
- Radio Unicast Retries

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info network [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its network information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info network
```

6.4.13 toolbelt node info script

Description

Gets script information about the <target> node:

- Script CRC
- Script Name

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info script [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its script information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info script
```

6.4.14 toolbelt node info security

Description

Gets security information about the <target> node:

- Encryption Type
- Lockdown Bitmask

Note

The Encryption Key is intentionally not queried or displayed. (If you can talk to the node, you already have the correct encryption key.)

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info security [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its security information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info security
```

6.4.15 toolbelt node info stats

Description

Gets stats from the <target> node:

- Null Transmit Buffers
- Transparent Receive Buffers
- Transparent Transmit Buffers
- UART0 Receive Buffers

- UART0 Transmit Buffers
- UART1 Receive Buffers
- UART1 Receive Buffers
- Packet Serial Forwarded Unicasts
- Packet Serial Forwarded Multicasts
- Packet Serial Receive Buffers
- Packet Serial Transmit Buffers
- Radio Forwarded Unicasts
- Radio Forwarded Multicasts
- Radio Receive Buffers
- Radio Transmit Buffers

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info stats [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its stats:

```
toolbelt node bridge info stats
```

6.4.16 toolbelt node info uart

Description

Gets UART information from the <target> node:

- Buffering Threshold
- Buffering Timeout
- Default UART
- Intercharacter Timeout
- UART0 Default Baud Rate
- UART1 Default Baud Rate

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> info uart [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its UART information:

```
toolbelt node bridge info uart
```

6.4.17 toolbelt node move

Description

Moves the <target> node to the specified <network>. You must be able to reach the node on the current network. If the <target> node is the bridge, this command also updates the “last used” network for the current profile to the <target> network.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> move [-h] <network>
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

network

Name of SNAP Network the node should move to.

Examples

Move the bridge to the ‘lighting’ network:

```
toolbelt node bridge move lighting
```

Move node 001122 to the ‘power’ network:

```
toolbelt node 001122 move power
```

6.4.18 toolbelt node nvparam

Description

Query the <target> node for the value of NVParam <nvparam_id> and optionally set it <value>. Values are parsed like RPC arguments.

 Warning

The changes do not take effect until you reboot the node, see [toolbelt node reboot](#)

Usage

```
toolbelt node <target> nvparam <nvparam_id> [<value>]...
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

nvparam_id

The ID (integer, see nv-params) of the nvparam

value

If provided, set the nvparam to this value.

Examples

Ask the bridge node for the value of NVParam 128:

```
toolbelt node bridge nvparam 128
```

Set NVParam 110 to foo on node 012345:

```
toolbelt node 012345 nvparam 110 'foo'
```

Read NVParams 0-127 in a single pass:

```
toolbelt node bridge nvparam all
```

See Also

- [toolbelt node reboot](#)

6.4.19 toolbelt node reboot

Description

Ask the target node to reboot, with an optional <delay>

Usage

```
toolbelt node <target> reboot [<delay>]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

delay

Optional milliseconds the node should wait between receiving the RPC and actually rebooting.

Examples

Reboot the bridge node:

```
toolbelt node bridge reboot
```

6.4.20 toolbelt node script erase

Description

Erase the script on the <target> node.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> script erase [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Erase the script from the bridge node:

```
toolbelt node bridge script erase
```

6.4.21 toolbelt node script info

Description

Gets script information about the <target> node:

- Script CRC
- Script Name

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> script info [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Examples

Ask the bridge node for its script information:

```
toolbelt node bridge script info
```

6.4.22 toolbelt node script turboload

Description

Uploads a SPY file (**SNAPpy** image) to the <target> node. You must provide the SPY file, **SNAPtoolbelt** does not attempt to compile the script. Use **SNAPcompiler** to compile a **SNAPpy** script to a **SNAPpy** image.

Warning

The `turboload` method only works for MG24-based modules directly attached to a serial link. It works by boosting the baud rate of the link during the upload, up to 2Mbaud.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> script turboload <script.spy> [-b <baud-rate>] [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

script

The .spy (**SNAPpy** image) to upload to the node.

Options

-b, --baud-rate <baud-rate> Baud rate to use for turbo [default: 2000000] [possible values: 115200, 230400, 500000, 1000000, 2000000]

Examples

Upload SnapStick.spy to the bridge node using this method:

```
toolbelt node bridge script turboload SnapStick.spy
```

6.4.23 toolbelt node script upload

Description

Uploads a SPY file (**SNAPpy** image) to the <target> node. You must provide the SPY file, **SNAPtoolbelt** does not attempt to compile the script. Use **SNAPcompiler** to compile a **SNAPpy** script to a **SNAPpy** image.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> script upload <script.spy> [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

script

The .spy (**SNAPpy** image) to upload to the node.

Examples

Upload SnapStick.spy to the bridge node:

```
toolbelt node bridge script upload SnapStick.spy
```

6.4.24 toolbelt node script unicast-upload

Description

Uploads a SPY file (**SNAPpy** image) to the <target> node using unicast RPCs. You must provide the SPY file, **SNAPtoolbelt** does not attempt to compile the script. Use **SNAPcompiler** to compile a **SNAPpy** script to a **SNAPpy** image.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> script unicast-upload <script.spy> [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

script

The .spy (**SNAPpy** image) to upload to the node.

Examples

Upload SnapStick.spy to the bridge node:

```
toolbelt node bridge script unicast-upload SnapStick.spy
```

6.4.25 toolbelt node send directed-multicast

Description

Send Directed Multicast RPC (This is a convenience alias for *toolbelt rpc send directed-multicast* to a single target.)

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> send (d | dm | directed-multicast) <func> [<args>.  
..] [-h] [-g <group>] [-t <ttl>] [-d <delay>]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

func

Name of function to call on targets

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Options

- g <group>, --group <group>** Override the Network's default multicast group
- t <ttl>, --ttl <ttl>** Override the Network's default multicast TTL
- d <delay>, --delay <delay>** Specify a response delay in milliseconds from the targets, default is 0

Examples

Send node 001122 the RPC `getData(17, 'blue', 22)`:

```
toolbelt node 001122 send dm getData 17 'blue' 22
```

6.4.26 toolbelt node send unicast

Description

Send Unicast RPC (This is a convenience alias for *toolbelt rpc send unicast*.)

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> send (u | unicast) <func> [<args>...] [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

func

Name of function to call on targets

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Examples

Send ping() to the bridge node:

```
toolbelt node bridge send u ping
```

6.4.27 toolbelt node topology

Description

Asks the target node to acquire its immediate topology (census of immediate neighbors). Returns a map of edges and link qualities.

Node Topology

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] node <target> topology [-h] [-d [-c]] [-s]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

Options

-d, --dot	Output DOT digraph format
-c, --colorize-lq	When rendering DOT format, colorize edges based on link quality. (>30 dBm is excellent, <-80 dBm is bad)
-s, --simplify	Merge digraph into undirected graph by averaging A->B and B->A link qualities.

Examples

Ask 00aabb for its topology in simplified DOT form, with colors:

```
toolbelt node 00aabb topology -sdc
```

6.5 toolbelt recover

Note

On the E20 (and other gateways) when issuing the recovery commands you may need to use `sudo `which snap`` to provide sudo the full path to where **SNAPtoolbelt** is installed:

```
sudo `which toolbelt` recover erase-script SM220
```

Note

In addition to the full SNAP module names (e.g. SM220UF1, RF520UF1, SN220) you can also use the following module categories:

- 2xx or atmel for all ATmega128RFA1-based modules
- 5xx or mg for all Mighty Gecko-based modules

6.5.1 toolbelt recover default-nvparam

Description

Restore the NV Params to the factory defaults on the connected module

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] recover default-nvparam [-h] <module>
```

Positional Arguments

module

The type of SNAP module

Examples

Factory default the NV Params on the connected SS200 module:

```
toolbelt recover default-nvparam SS200
```

6.5.2 toolbelt recover erase-script

Description

Erase any script on the connected module

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] recover erase-script [-h] <module>
```

Positional Arguments

module

The type of SNAP module

Examples

Erase any script on the connected **SN220 SNAPstick** module:

```
toolbelt recover erase-script SN220
```

6.5.3 toolbelt recover firmware

Description

Load the specified firmware on the connected module via the bootloader

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] recover firmware [-h] <module> <fw>
```

Positional Arguments

module

The type of SNAP module

fw

The **SNAPcore** file to load (SFI for Atmel-based, or GBL for Mighty Gecko-based).

Examples

To load **SNAPcore** 2.8.2 on an SN220:

```
toolbelt recover firmware SN220 ./sfifiles/SN220_AES128_SnapV2.8.2.sfi
```

6.5.4 toolbelt recover reset

Description

Just reset the connected module. On the **SNAPconnect E12** and **SNAPconnect E20**, use the built-in GPIO to reset the **SNAP** module. For the **SN132 SNAPstick** and **SN220 SNAPstick**, use the appropriate FTDI commands to reset the **SNAP** module. Attempts a DTR-based reset otherwise.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] recover reset
```

Examples

Reset the module on the default profile:

```
toolbelt recover reset
```

6.5.5 toolbelt recover unbrick

Description

Erase script and restore the NV Params to the factory defaults on the connected module.

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] recover unbrick [-h] <module>
```

Positional Arguments

module

The type of SNAP module

Examples

Factory default the NV Params on the connected SS200 module:

```
toolbelt recover default-nvparam SS200
```

6.6 toolbelt rpc

6.6.1 toolbelt rpc call directed-multicast

Description

Callback Directed Multicast RPC

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] rpc call (d | dm | directed-multicast) <targets> <func> [<args>.  
..] [-h] [-g <group>] [-t <t1>] [-d <delay>] [-c <callback-name>]
```

Positional Arguments

targets

A comma separated list of SNAP addresses

func

Name of function to call on targets

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Options

- g <group>, --group <group>** Override the Network's default multicast group
- t <t1>, --ttl <t1>** Override the Network's default multicast TTL
- d <delay>, --delay <delay>** Specify a response delay in milliseconds from the targets, default is 0
- c <name>, --callback-name <name>** Specify which function will be called on a response from the targets
- w <wait>, --wait <wait>** Callback reply timeout/wait between attempts (ms)

-a <attempts>, --attempts <attempts> Number of attempts

Examples

Directed Multicast a request for `getInfo(5)` to `123456` and `789abc`, ask them to delay their responses into 100ms windows:

```
toolbelt rpc call dm 123456,789abc getInfo 5 --delay 100
```

6.6.2 toolbelt rpc call unicast

Description

Callback Unicast RPC

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] rpc call (u | unicast) <target> <func> [<args>...  
] [-h] [-c <callback-name>] [-w <wait>] [-a <attempts>]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

func

Name of function to call on targets

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Options

-c <name>, --callback-name <name> Specify which function will be called on a response from the targets

-w <wait>, --wait <wait> Callback reply timeout/wait between attempts (ms)

-a <attempts>, --attempts <attempts> Number of attempts

Examples

Ask the bridge node `getInfo(5)`:

```
toolbelt rpc call u bridge getInfo 5
```

Ask the bridge node `vmStat(6)`, expect it to return its result via `tellVmStat`:

```
toolbelt rpc call u bridge vmStat 6 --callback-name tellVmStat
```

6.6.3 toolbelt rpc send directed-multicast

Description

Send Directed Multicast RPC

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] rpc send (d | dm | directed-multicast) <targets> <func> [<args>].  
..] [-h] [-g <group>] [-t <t1>] [-d <delay>]
```

Positional Arguments

targets

A comma separated list of SNAP addresses

func

Name of function to call on targets

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Options

- g <group>, --group <group>** Override the Network's default multicast group
- t <t1>, --ttl <t1>** Override the Network's default multicast TTL
- d <delay>, --delay <delay>** Specify a response delay in milliseconds from the targets, default is 0

Examples

Send nodes 001122, 334455, and 667788 the RPC `getData(17, 'blue', 22)`:

```
toolbelt rpc send dm 001122,334455,667788 getData 17 'blue' 22
```

6.6.4 toolbelt rpc send multicast

Description

Send Multicast RPC

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] rpc send (m | multicast) <func> [<args>...  
] [-h] [-g <group>] [-t <t1>]
```

Positional Arguments

func

Name of function to call on targets

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Options

- g <group>, --group <group>** Override the Network's default multicast group
- t <t1>, --ttl <t1>** Override the Network's default multicast TTL

Examples

Broadcast `hunt()`:

```
toolbelt rpc send m hunt
```

6.6.5 toolbelt rpc send unicast

Description

Send Unicast RPC

Usage

```
toolbelt [global options] rpc send (u | unicast) <target> <func> [<args>...] [-h]
```

Positional Arguments

target

SNAP address of target node or bridge

func

Name of function to call on targets

args

A list of arguments to pass to the function (space-delimited, use quotes to pass an argument with whitespace.)

Examples

Send `ping()` to the bridge node:

```
toolbelt rpc send u bridge ping
```

Note

- Multicast Group, TTL, and DMCast Delay are all given default values in the Network configuration, but may be overridden per-command here.
- All target addresses must be in 6-character form: 0deCAF, 012345.
- The special address “bridge” can be used to specify your connection’s bridge node, even if the exact address is not known. (One way to discover your bridge node’s address is to use [toolbelt node info](#).)
- Arguments in quotes ("test", 'abc') are parsed as strings.
- "" and '' are both parsed as empty strings.
- All numbers are parsed as integers: (0x10 == 16, 100 == 100)
- Booleans (True, False) are parsed as booleans
- None is parsed as None (Pythonic None, not the string 'None')
- Strings with unprintable characters need to use C/Python-style escape sequences: "\xab\xcd\xef" == '\xab\xcd\xef'

GLOBAL OPTIONS

SNAPtoolbelt commands are nested. Global options must come after the initial `toolbelt`, but before the first subcommand. These options can be used with all commands.

```
toolbelt [global-options] subcommand ...
```

7.1 Profile

```
-p <profile>, --profile <profile>
```

Specify which profile you want to use, `default` is the default.

7.2 Network

```
-n <network>, --network <network>
```

Specify which network you want to use, `default` is the default.

7.3 Output Formats

```
-o json, --output-format json
```

The only supported output format is JSON:

```
{ "current.channel": 8, "current.network-id": "0xbbbb", "device.core": "2.7.1", "device.  
↪feature-bits": "0x001f", "device.platform": "SS200", "device.script-crc": "0xf50d" }
```

To transform the output into other formats, use tools like [jq](#) or [Miller](#).

7.4 Alternative Config DB

```
--rcfile <path-to-config-db>
```

By default, **SNAPtoolbelt** uses `~/.snap/toolbelt_config.db` to store its configuration. You can specify an alternative path using the `--rcfile` option.

MIGRATION FROM LEGACY SNAPTOOLBELT (PY2)

This page includes notable changes from **SNAPtoolbelt (Py2)**.

8.1 Output format is always JSON

SNAPtoolbelt now relies more on external tools for formatting its output.

Example unformatted output:

```
$ toolbelt node bridge info
{"current.channel":"12","current.network-id":"0x1234","device.address":
→ "00:1c:2c:00:26:06:a7:f2","device.feature-bits":"0x0d1f","device.name":null,"device.
→ platform":"SN220","device.script-crc":"0x3771","device.script-name":"temp","device.type
→ ":"thing","device.vendor-config-bits":"0x4003","firmware.core":"2.8.2","firmware.cpu":
→ "ATMEGA","firmware.platform":"SM220/RF220UF1/SN220","firmware.rev":"(Apr  4 2017 / 6f4980c)",
→ "security.enable-encryption":"AES-128","security.lockdown-bitmask":null}
```

8.1.1 jq

The **jq** utility can - among other things - be used to pretty-print this output:

```
$ toolbelt node bridge info | jq .
{
  "current.channel": "12",
  "current.network-id": "0x1234",
  "device.address": "00:1c:2c:00:26:06:a7:f2",
  "device.feature-bits": "0x0d1f",
  "device.name": null,
  "device.platform": "SN220",
  "device.script-crc": "0x3771",
  "device.script-name": "temp",
  "device.type": "thing",
  "device.vendor-config-bits": "0x4003",
  "firmware.core": "2.8.2",
  "firmware.cpu": "ATMEGA",
  "firmware.platform": "SM220/RF220UF1/SN220",
  "firmware.rev": "(Apr  4 2017 / 6f4980c)",
  "security.enable-encryption": "AES-128",
  "security.lockdown-bitmask": null
}
```

See <https://jqlang.github.io/jq/> for more info.

8.1.2 mlr

Miller's xtab format is the closest to what **SNAPtoolbelt (Py2)** called `dkvp` (delimited key-value pairs).

```
$ toolbelt node bridge info | mlr --ijson --oxtab cat
current.channel          12
current.network-id       0x1234
device.address           00:1c:2c:00:26:06:a7:f2
device.feature-bits      0x0d1f
device.name              null
device.platform          SN220
device.script-crc        0x3771
device.script-name       temp
device.type              thing
device.vendor-config-bits 0x4003
firmware.core            2.8.2
firmware.cpu             ATMEGA
firmware.platform        SM220/RF220UF1/SN220
firmware.rev             (Apr  4 2017 / 6f4980c)
security.enable-encryption AES-128
security.lockdown-bitmask null
```

See <https://miller.readthedocs.io/en/latest/> for more info.

8.2 Configuration changes

8.2.1 Configuration is now a SQLite DB

This helped us fix a long-standing bug in **SNAPtoolbelt (Py2)** where file I/O glitches would sometimes result in a change to one profile or network causing the deletion of all other profiles or networks.

Use `toolbelt config import` to import the **SNAPtoolbelt (Py2)** configuration into **SNAPtoolbelt**.

8.2.2 *config scan* updates profiles w/ matching names

Since 2.10+ Core has improved the UART handling, it's not unreasonable to run w/ your bridge at 115200 instead of 38400. When you re-scan, if we find the bridge at 115200, we'll update the profile to indicate that, rather than create a new profile.

8.2.3 Logging is controlled by *RUST_LOG*

This is on the "things to fix" list, but for now, if you need more logging info, you'll need to set the `RUST_LOG` environment variable, rather than using the `-l` flag. (That flag is still recognized, but its value isn't used, because the logging library we started with doesn't support reconfiguring the log level on the fly.)

For example:

```
$ RUST_LOG=debug toolbelt node bridge ping
```

8.3 All RPCs are dmcast by default

All operations (node info, &c.) are done via dmcast RPCs.

Exceptions: You can still send unicast RPCs with `toolbelt rpc send unicast` and `toolbelt rpc call unicast`, and you can do unicast firmware and script uploads with `toolbelt node $TARGET firmware unicast-upload` and `toolbelt node $TARGET script unicast-upload`.

8.4 Obsolete Commands

- `snap rpc call multicast` (No advantage over `toolbelt rpc call dmcast`.)
- `snap config node-cache` (Node cache is unused.)
- `snap config alias` (Aliasing is unused.)
- Connection sharing: `snap start` / `snap stop` / `snap status` (Improvements in **SNAPtoolbelt** startup time mean connection sharing is no longer needed.)
- `snap node script build` (Use **SNAPcompiler** to build **SNAPpy** scripts into **SNAPpy** images, **SNAP-toolbelt** no longer attempts to guess the right platform/options.)

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